

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous

Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Revision Date: 08/12/2019 Date of Issue: 08/21/2018 Supersedes Date: 07/24/2019 Version: 2.1

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: 209 Floor Mud

Product Code: 0209-0060-21 (115), 0209-2000-21 (115)

1.2. Intended Use of the Product

Mortar. For professional use only.

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company Company

LATICRETE International LATICRETE Canada ULC

1 Laticrete Park, N PO Box 129, Emeryville, Ontario, Canada

Bethany, CT 06524 NOR-1A0 T (203)-393-0010 (833)-254-9255

www.laticrete.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number: For Chemical Emergency call ChemTel Inc. day or night:

(800)255-3924 (North America) (800)-099-0731 (Mexico)

+1 (813)248-0585 (International - collect calls accepted)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US/CA Classification

 Skin Corr. 1C
 H314

 Eye Dam. 1
 H318

 Skin Sens. 1
 H317

 Carc. 1A
 H350

 STOT SE 3
 H335

 STOT RE 1
 H372

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US/CA Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US/CA)





Signal Word (GHS-US/CA) : Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US/CA) : H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 - Causes serious eye damage.
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
H350 - May cause cancer (Inhalation).

H372 - Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure

(Inhalation).

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US/CA): P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P260 - Do not breathe dust.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

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P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.

P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS).

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US/CA)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	% *	GHS Ingredient Classification
Quartz	(CAS-No.) 14808-60-7	75.8 - 76.2	Carc. 1A, H350
			STOT SE 3, H335
			STOT RE 1, H372
Cement, portland, chemicals	(CAS-No.) 65997-15-1	10 - 30	Skin Irrit. 2, H315
			Eye Dam. 1, H318
			Skin Sens. 1, H317
			STOT SE 3, H335
Calcium oxide	(CAS-No.) 1305-78-8	13 - 16	Skin Irrit. 2, H315
			Eye Dam. 1, H318
			STOT SE 3, H335
			Aquatic Acute 3, H402
Gypsum (Ca(SO4).2H2O)	(CAS-No.) 13397-24-5	< 0.9	Not classified
Limestone	(CAS-No.) 1317-65-3	< 0.9	Not classified
Magnesium oxide (MgO)	(CAS-No.) 1309-48-4	< 0.6	Not classified
Lithium carbonate	(CAS-No.) 554-13-2	0.05	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302
			Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332
			Eye Irrit. 2B, H320
			Aquatic Acute 2, H401
			Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Chromium, ion (Cr6+)	(CAS-No.) 18540-29-9	< 0.000018	Skin Sens. 1, H317
			Carc. 1B, H350
			Aquatic Acute 1, H400
			Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

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- *Percentages are listed in weight by weight percentage (w/w%) for liquid and solid ingredients. Gas ingredients are listed in volume by volume percentage (v/v%).
- ** The actual concentration of ingredient(s) is withheld as a trade secret in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) SOR/2015-17 and 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

Skin Contact: Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 30 minutes. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Eye Contact: Immediately rinse with water for at least 30 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Skin sensitization. May cause respiratory irritation. Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation). May cause cancer (Inhalation).

Inhalation: Accelerated Silicosis can occur with exposure to high concentrations of respirable crystalline silica over a relatively short period; lung lesions can appear within five years of the initial exposure. The progression can be rapid. Accelerated silicosis is similar to chronic or ordinary silicosis, except that lung lesions appear earlier and the progression is more rapid.

Acute Silicosis can occur with exposures to very high concentrations of respirable crystalline silica over a very short time period, sometimes as short as a few months. The symptoms of acute silicosis include progressive shortness of breath, fever, cough and weight loss. Acute silicosis can be fatal.

Skin Contact: Concrete may cause dry skin, discomfort, irritation, severe burns, and dermatitis. Unhardened concrete is capable of causing dermatitis by irritation and allergy. Concrete dust, in association with sweat and friction, can lead to skin irritation and dermatitis. Skin affected by dermatitis may include symptoms such as, redness, itching, rash, scaling, and cracking. Allergic contact dermatitis is caused by sensitization to hexavalent chromium (chromate) present in concrete. The reaction can range from a mild rash to severe skin ulcers.

Eye Contact: Concrete may cause immediate or delayed irritation or inflammation. Eye contact with wet concrete can cause moderate eye irritation, chemical burns and blindness. Eye exposures require immediate first aid and medical attention to prevent significant damage to the eye.

Ingestion: May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract.

Chronic Symptoms: Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation). May cause cancer (Inhalation). Repeated exposure to respirable (airborne) crystalline silica dust will cause lung damage in the form of silicosis. Some studies show that exposure to respirable crystalline silica (without silicosis) or that the disease silicosis may be associated with the increased incidence of several autoimmune disorders such as scleroderma (thickening of the skin), systemic lupus erythematosus, rheumatoid arthritis and diseases affecting the kidneys. Silicosis increases the risk of tuberculosis. Some studies show an increased incidence of chronic kidney disease and end-stage renal disease in workers exposed to respirable crystalline silica.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire. Reacts with water to form corrosive alkalis.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Non-combustible.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive.

Reactivity: Hydrofluoric acid will react with and dissolve glass, and other silica containing material. May react exothermically with water releasing heat. Adding an acid to a base or base to an acid may cause violent reaction.

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5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Metal oxides. Sulfur oxides. Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Potassium oxides.

5.4. Reference to Other Sections

Refer to Section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Do not breathe dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain solid spills with appropriate barriers and prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Cautiously neutralize spilled solid. Recover the product by vacuuming, shoveling or sweeping. Avoid generation of dust during clean-up of spills. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: May release corrosive vapors.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Do not breathe dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Handle empty containers with care because they may still present a hazard.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store locked up/in a secure area. Store in original container or corrosive resistant and/or lined container.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Fluorinated compounds. Ammonia. Ammonium salts. Aluminum.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Mortar. For professional use only.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), or Canadian provincial governments.

Quartz (14808-60-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)

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USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	50 μg/m³ (Respirable crystalline silica)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ (respirable dust)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	50 mg/m³ (respirable dust)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ (respirable fraction (Silica - crystalline)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ (respirable fraction (Silica - crystalline)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m³ (designated substances regulation-respirable
		(Silica, crystalline)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m³ (respirable dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ (respirable fraction (Silica - crystalline
		(Trydimite removed))
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	300 particle/mL (Silica - Quartz, crystalline)
Cement, portland, chemicals	s (65997-15-1)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no asbestos and
	, 3, ,	<1% crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m³ (total dust)
		5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (total dust)
		5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	5000 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
		<1% Crystalline silica-respirable particulate)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
		<1% Crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter-
		particulate matter, respirable particulate matter)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
		<1% Crystalline silica)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
		<1% Crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter-
		particulate matter, respirable particulate matter)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
		<1% Crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter-
	051 6751 / 3)	particulate matter, respirable particulate matter)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline
D. El	OF TMA / / 20	silica-respirable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
		<1% Crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter-
046	\/FAAD //3\	particulate matter, respirable particulate matter)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline

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		silica-total dust)
		5 mg/m³ (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline
		silica-respirable dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	30 mppcf
		10 mg/m ³
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	25 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (IIIg/III) OEL TWA (IIIg/III)	2 mg/m³
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (IIIg/III) OEL TWA (IIIg/III)	2 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (IIIg/III) OEL STEL (mg/m³)	4 mg/m ³
	, . ,	-
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	4 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	4 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	4 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³
Chromium, ion (Cr6+) (1854	0-29-9)	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 μg/m³
Gypsum (Ca(SO4).2H2O) (13	397-24-5)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter (Calcium sulfate)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m³ (total dust)
	, ()	5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (total dust)
	, , , , ,	5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Calcium sulphate)
British Columbia	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³ (total)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (total dust)
	()	3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter (Calcium sulfate)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter (Calcium sulfate)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter (Calcium sulfate)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable (Calcium sulfate)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m²)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter (Calcium sulfate)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline
- Cacoco	V = 1111 (1111)	silica-total dust)
		5 mg/m³ (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline
		silica-respirable dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³
Jaskattiitwall	OLL STEE (IIIg/III)	20 mg/m

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Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	30 mppcf
		10 mg/m ³
Limestone (1317-65-3)		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m³ (total dust)
	, ,, ,	5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (total dust)
		5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
British Columbia	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³ (total)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (total dust)
		3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
		<1% Crystalline silica)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Limestone, containing no Asbestos and <1%
		Crystalline silica-total dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	30 mppcf
		10 mg/m ³
Magnesium oxide (MgO) (13	809-48-4)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m³ (fume, total particulate)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	750 mg/m³ (fume)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (fume)
British Columbia	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (respirable dust and fume)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (fume, inhalable)
		3 mg/m³ (respirable dust and fume)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (fume)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (fume)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (fume)
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (fume)
	lassified (PNOC) (Not applicable)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ Respirable fraction
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		10 mg/m³ Total Dust
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ Respirable fraction
		15 mg/m³ Total Dust
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (total)
		3 mg/m³ (respirable)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (nuisance dust-total dust)
		3 mg/m³ (nuisance dust-respirable fraction)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particles, recommended)
		3 mg/m³ (respirable particles, recommended)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
		<1% Crystalline silica, respirable fraction)
		10 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
		<1% Crystalline silica, inhalable fraction)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particles, recommended)
		3 mg/m³ (respirable particles, recommended)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particles, recommended)
		3 mg/m³ (respirable particles, recommended)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³ (insoluble or poorly soluble-inhalable fraction)
		6 mg/m³ (insoluble or poorly soluble-respirable fraction)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (insoluble or poorly soluble-inhalable fraction)
		3 mg/m³ (insoluble or poorly soluble-respirable fraction)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³ (insoluble or poorly soluble-inhalable fraction)
		6 mg/m³ (insoluble or poorly soluble-respirable fraction)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (insoluble or poorly soluble-inhalable fraction)
		3 mg/m³ (insoluble or poorly soluble-respirable fraction)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable)
		3 mg/m³ (respirable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particles, recommended)
		3 mg/m³ (respirable particles, recommended)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (including dust, inert or nuisance particulates-
		total dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³ (insoluble or poorly soluble-inhalable fraction)
		6 mg/m³ (insoluble or poorly soluble-respirable fraction)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (insoluble or poorly soluble-inhalable fraction)
		3 mg/m³ (insoluble or poorly soluble-respirable fraction)

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection. Face shield.











Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Corrosion-proof clothing.

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves.

Eye and Face Protection: Chemical safety goggles and face shield. **Skin and Body Protection:** Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

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According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State : Solid

Appearance: Grey powderOdor: OdorlessOdor Threshold: Not available

pH:Not availableEvaporation Rate:Not availableMelting Point:Not availableFreezing Point:Not availableBoiling Point:Not availableFlash Point:Not available

Auto-ignition Temperature: Not availableDecomposition Temperature: Not availableFlammability (solid, gas): Not availableLower Flammable Limit: Not availableUpper Flammable Limit: Not availableVapor Pressure: Not available

Relative Vapor Density at 20°C: Not availableRelative Density: Not availableSpecific Gravity: Not availableSolubility: Water: InsolublePartition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water: Not available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity: Hydrofluoric acid will react with and dissolve glass, and other silica containing material. May react exothermically with water releasing heat. Adding an acid to a base or base to an acid may cause violent reaction.

Not available

- **10.2.** Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).
- **10.3.** Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- **10.4.** Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials.
- **10.5. Incompatible Materials:** Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Fluorinated compounds. Ammonia. Ammoniam salts. Aluminum.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity (Oral): Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Dermal): Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation): Not classified
LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer (Inhalation).

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure

(Inhalation).

Viscosity

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

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Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): May cause respiratory irritation.

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Accelerated Silicosis can occur with exposure to high concentrations of respirable crystalline silica over a relatively short period; lung lesions can appear within five years of the initial exposure. The progression can be rapid. Accelerated silicosis is similar to chronic or ordinary silicosis, except that lung lesions appear earlier and the progression is more rapid. Acute Silicosis can occur with exposures to very high concentrations of respirable crystalline silica over a very short time period, sometimes as short as a few months. The symptoms of acute silicosis include progressive shortness of breath, fever, cough and weight loss. Acute silicosis can be fatal.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Concrete may cause dry skin, discomfort, irritation, severe burns, and dermatitis. Unhardened concrete is capable of causing dermatitis by irritation and allergy. Concrete dust, in association with sweat and friction, can lead to skin irritation and dermatitis. Skin affected by dermatitis may include symptoms such as, redness, itching, rash, scaling, and cracking. Allergic contact dermatitis is caused by sensitization to hexavalent chromium (chromate) present in concrete. The reaction can range from a mild rash to severe skin ulcers.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Concrete may cause immediate or delayed irritation or inflammation. Eye contact with wet concrete can cause moderate eye irritation, chemical burns and blindness. Eye exposures require immediate first aid and medical attention to prevent significant damage to the eye.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract. Chronic Symptoms: Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation). May cause cancer (Inhalation). Repeated exposure to respirable (airborne) crystalline silica dust will cause lung damage in the form of silicosis. Some studies show that exposure to respirable crystalline silica (without silicosis) or that the disease silicosis may be associated with the increased incidence of several autoimmune disorders such as scleroderma (thickening of the skin), systemic lupus erythematosus, rheumatoid arthritis and diseases affecting the kidneys. Silicosis increases the risk of tuberculosis. Some studies show an increased incidence of chronic kidney disease and end-stage renal disease in workers exposed to respirable crystalline silica.

11.2. Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s) LD50 and LC50 Data:

ED30 and EC30 Data.	
Quartz (14808-60-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2500 mg/kg
Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)	
LD50 Oral Rat	3870 mg/kg
Lithium carbonate (554-13-2)	
LD50 Oral Rat	525 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 3000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 2.17 mg/l/4h
ATE US/CA (dust, mist)	1.50 mg/l/4h
Quartz (14808-60-7)	
IARC Group	1
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Known Human Carcinogens.
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.
Chromium, ion (Cr6+) (18540-29-9)	
IARC Group	1
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.
OSHA Specifically Regulated Carcinogen List	In OSHA Specifically Regulated Carcinogen list.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General: Not classified.

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
LC50 Fish 1	50.6 mg/l

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According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Chromium, ion (Cr6+) (18540-29-9)	
LC50 Fish 1	36.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas)
LC50 Fish 2	7.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)
Lithium carbonate (554-13-2)	
LC50 Fish 1	8.1 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

209 Floor Mud	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

209 Floor Mud	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
BCF Fish 1 (no bioaccumulation)	

12.4. Mobility in Soil Not available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

14.1. In Accordance with DOT Not regulated for transport
 14.2. In Accordance with IMDG Not regulated for transport
 14.3. In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for transport
 14.4. In Accordance with TDG Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. US Federal Regulations

209 Floor Mud	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) Health hazard - Respiratory or skin sensitization Health hazard - Skin corrosion or Irritation Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation Health hazard - Carcinogenicity
Quartz (14808-60-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances	Control Act) inventory
Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances	Control Act) inventory
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances	Control Act) inventory
Limestone (1317-65-3)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances	Control Act) inventory
Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances	Control Act) inventory
Lithium carbonate (554-13-2)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances	Control Act) inventory

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According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 %

15.2. US State Regulations

California Proposition 65



WARNING: This product can expose you to Chromium, ion (Cr6+), which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Chemical Name (CAS No.)	Carcinogenicity	Developmental Toxicity	Female Reproductive Toxicity	Male Reproductive Toxicity
Quartz (14808-60-7)	X			
Chromium, ion (Cr6+) (18540- 29-9)	Х	Х		
Lithium carbonate (554-13-2)		Х		

Quartz (14808-60-7)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Chromium, ion (Cr6+) (18540-29-9)

- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Gypsum (Ca(SO4).2H2O) (13397-24-5)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Limestone (1317-65-3)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Lithium carbonate (554-13-2)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

15.3. Canadian Regulations

Quartz (14808-60-7)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Gypsum (Ca(SO4).2H2O) (13397-24-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

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According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Listed on the Canadian NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List)

Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Lithium carbonate (554-13-2)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Date of Preparation or Latest

Revision

: 08/12/2019

Other Information

: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 and Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) SOR/2015-17.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Inhalation:dust,mist Acute toxicity (oral) Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4 Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2 Aquatic Acute 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3 Aquatic Acute 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3 Aquatic Chronic 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2 Carc. 1A Carcinogenicity Category 1A Carc. 1B Carcinogenicity Category 1B Carcinogenicity Category 1B Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2B Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2 Skin Corrosion/irritation Category 2 Skin Carc. 1C Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1 Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1 STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 Harmful if swallowed Haila Causes severe skin burns and eye damage Haila Causes severe skin irritation Haila Causes serious eye damage Haila H	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1 Aquatic Acute 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2 Aquatic Acute 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3 Aquatic Chronic 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2 Carc. 1A Carcinogenicity Category 1A Carc. 1B Carcinogenicity Category 1B Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2B Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B Skin Corr. 1C Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1C Skin Irrit. 2 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1 Skin Sens. 1 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1 STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1 STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 Harmful if swallowed H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H315 Causes skin irritation H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 Causes serious eye damage H320 Causes eye irritation H332 Harmful if inhaled H335 May cause respiratory irritation H336 May cause respiratory irritation H377 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H400 Harmful to aquatic life H401 Toxic to aquatic life H402 Harmful to finduct life with long lasting effects		
Aquatic Acute 2 Aquatic Acute 3 Aquatic Acute 4 Acute Acu	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3 Aquatic Chronic 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2 Carc. 1A Carcinogenicity Category 1A Carc. 1B Carcinogenicity Category 1A Carc. 1B Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B Skin Corr. 1C Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1C Skin Irrit. 2 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1 Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, Category 1 STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1 STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 H302 Harmful if swallowed H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H315 Causes skin irritation H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 Causes serious eye damage H320 Causes eye irritation H332 Harmful if inhaled H335 May cause respiratory irritation H330 May cause cancer H370 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H401 Toxic to aquatic life H402 Harmful to aquatic life H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H400 Very toxic to aquatic life	Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2 Carc. 1A Carcinogenicity Category 1A Carc. 1B Carcinogenicity Category 1B Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2B Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B Skin Corr. 1C Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, Category 1 STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1 STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 Ha302 Harmful if swallowed H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H315 Causes skin irritation H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 Causes serious eye damage H320 Causes eye irritation H332 Harmful if inhaled H335 May cause respiratory irritation H336 May cause cancer H377 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H401 Toxic to aquatic life H402 Harmful to aquatic life H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 2 Carc. 1A Carcinogenicity Category 1A Carc. 1B Eye Dam. 1 Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2 Skin Corr. 1C Skin Corr. 1C Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1 Stin Sens. 1 Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 3 Harmful if swallowed Hasta Hasta Causes sevier skin burns and eye damage Hasta Causes serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2 Skin Corr. 1C Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1 Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, Category 1 STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1 STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 Hasnu Hasnu Causes severe skin burns and eye damage Hasta Causes skin irritation Hasta Causes serious eye damage Hasta Causes serious eye damage Hasu Causes eye irritation Hasta Harmful if inhaled Hasta Harmful if inhaled Hasta Hasta Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure Hadoo Very toxic to aquatic life Hadoo Harmful to aquatic life Harmful to aquatic life Harmful to aquatic life Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects	Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Carc. 1A Carcinogenicity Category 1A Carc. 1B Carcinogenicity Category 1B Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2B Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B Skin Corr. 1C Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1C Skin Irrit. 2 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, Category 1 STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1 STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 H302 Harmful if swallowed H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H315 Causes skin irritation H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 Causes serious eye damage H320 Causes serious eye damage H332 Harmful if inhaled H335 May cause respiratory irritation H350 May cause cancer H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H401 Toxic to aquatic life H402 Harmful to aquatic life H400 Very toxic to aquatic life	Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1
Carc. 1B Carcinogenicity Category 1B Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2B Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B Skin Corr. 1C Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1C Skin Irrit. 2 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, Category 1 STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1 STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 Harmful if swallowed H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H315 Causes skin irritation H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 Causes serious eye damage H320 Causes seye irritation H332 Harmful if inhaled H335 May cause respiratory irritation H350 May cause cancer H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H401 Toxic to aquatic life H402 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects	Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2
Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2B Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B Skin Corr. 1C Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1C Skin Irrit. 2 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, Category 1 STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1 STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 Hamful if swallowed Harmful if swallowed Ha14 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage Ha15 Causes skin irritation Ha17 May cause an allergic skin reaction Ha18 Causes serious eye damage Ha20 Causes eye irritation Ha32 Harmful if inhaled Ha33 Harmful if inhaled Ha35 May cause respiratory irritation Ha50 May cause cancer Ha72 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H401 Toxic to aquatic life H402 Harmful to aquatic life H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H401 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Eye Irrit. 2B Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B Skin Corr. 1C Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1C Skin Irrit. 2 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, Category 1 STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1 STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 H302 Harmful if swallowed H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H315 Causes skin irritation H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 Causes serious eye damage H320 Causes serious eye damage H332 Harmful if inhaled H335 May cause respiratory irritation H350 May cause cancer H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H401 Toxic to aquatic life H402 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects	Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C Skin Irrit. 2 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1C Skin Irrit. 2 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, Category 1 STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1 STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 H302 Harmful if swallowed H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H315 Causes skin irritation H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 Causes serious eye damage H320 Causes eye irritation H332 Harmful if inhaled H335 May cause respiratory irritation H350 May cause cancer H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H401 Toxic to aquatic life H402 Harmful to aquatic life H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Skin Irrit. 2 Skin sens. 1 Skin sens. 1 Skin sensitization, Category 1 STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1 STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 H302 Harmful if swallowed H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H315 Causes skin irritation H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 Causes serious eye damage H320 Causes eye irritation H332 Harmful if inhaled H335 May cause respiratory irritation H350 May cause cancer H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H401 Toxic to aquatic life H402 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects	Eye Irrit. 2B	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B
Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, Category 1 STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1 STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 H302 Harmful if swallowed H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H315 Causes skin irritation H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction Causes serious eye damage H320 Causes serious eye damage H332 Harmful if inhaled H335 May cause respiratory irritation H350 May cause cancer H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H401 Toxic to aquatic life H402 Harmful to aquatic life H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	Skin Corr. 1C	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1C
STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1 STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 H302 Harmful if swallowed H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H315 Causes skin irritation H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 Causes serious eye damage H320 Causes eye irritation H332 Harmful if inhaled H335 May cause respiratory irritation H350 May cause cancer H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H401 Toxic to aquatic life H402 Harmful to aquatic life H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 H302 H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H315 Causes skin irritation May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 Causes serious eye damage H320 Causes eye irritation H332 Harmful if inhaled H335 May cause respiratory irritation H350 May cause cancer H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H401 H302 Harmful to aquatic life H402 Harmful to aquatic life H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, Category 1
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H315 Causes skin irritation H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 Causes serious eye damage H320 Causes eye irritation H332 Harmful if inhaled H335 May cause respiratory irritation H350 May cause cancer H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H401 Toxic to aquatic life H402 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects	STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H315 Causes skin irritation H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 Causes serious eye damage H320 Causes eye irritation H332 Harmful if inhaled H335 May cause respiratory irritation H350 May cause cancer H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H401 Toxic to aquatic life H402 Harmful to aquatic life H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H315 Causes skin irritation H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 Causes serious eye damage H320 Causes eye irritation H332 Harmful if inhaled H335 May cause respiratory irritation H350 May cause cancer H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H401 Toxic to aquatic life H402 Harmful to aquatic life H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	H302	Harmful if swallowed
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 Causes serious eye damage H320 Causes eye irritation H332 Harmful if inhaled H335 May cause respiratory irritation H350 May cause cancer H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H401 Toxic to aquatic life H402 Harmful to aquatic life H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318 Causes serious eye damage H320 Causes eye irritation H332 Harmful if inhaled H335 May cause respiratory irritation H350 May cause cancer H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H401 Toxic to aquatic life H402 Harmful to aquatic life H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	H315	Causes skin irritation
H320 Causes eye irritation H332 Harmful if inhaled H335 May cause respiratory irritation H350 May cause cancer H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H401 Toxic to aquatic life H402 Harmful to aquatic life H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H332 Harmful if inhaled H335 May cause respiratory irritation H350 May cause cancer H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H401 Toxic to aquatic life H402 Harmful to aquatic life H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	H318	Causes serious eye damage
H335 May cause respiratory irritation H350 May cause cancer H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H401 Toxic to aquatic life H402 Harmful to aquatic life H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	H320	Causes eye irritation
H350 May cause cancer H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H401 Toxic to aquatic life H402 Harmful to aquatic life H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	H332	Harmful if inhaled
H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H401 Toxic to aquatic life H402 Harmful to aquatic life H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life H401 Toxic to aquatic life H402 Harmful to aquatic life H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	H350	May cause cancer
H401 Toxic to aquatic life H402 Harmful to aquatic life H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H402 Harmful to aquatic life H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	H401	Toxic to aquatic life
, , ,	H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

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